

THE BLOOMFIELD CITIZEN.

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1888.

Republican Club.

The members of the Republican Club met at Dadd's Hall on Friday evening, the 2nd inst., to perfect their organization. The following is a list of executive officers and committees:

President, Thomas McGowan; Vice Presidents, George W. Cook, Howard Davis, H. B. Sheldon, Theo. H. Ward, James C. Beach, A. G. Darwin, John Sherman, John G. Keyler, William Colfax; Secretary, James T. Daves; Treasurer, Henry P. Dodd; Canvassing Committee, Walter Freeman, H. M. Barrett, G. Lee Stout; Frank S. Benson, Grant A. Wheeler, Fred. H. Pich, Fred. Mohrman, John Sanderson, J. M. Bancroft; Finance Committee, E. W. Sutton, C. H. Haff, penny, Stanford Farrand, Howard B. Davis, Benjamin Haskell, Willard Richards, G. T. Moore; Committee on Speakers and Meetings, Fred. H. Pich, H. E. Richards, C. E. F. Davis, Wm. A. Baldwin, Chas. M. Davis; Documents and Printing Committee, Thomas Oakes, Horace Dodd, Dr. Wilson, T. Howell Johnson, Morris Van Vleet, James E. Davis; Uniformed Organization Committee, T. E. Hayes, Samuel Baxter, Chas. E. Sciort, Wm. Rawson, Wm. Baldwin, C. E. McDowell; Room Committee, Dr. J. Edward Stubbart, Reuben N. Dodd, Fred. E. Langstroth, Lewis K. Dodd; Music Committee, W. W. Schouler, Arthur B. Davis; Executive Committee, Thomas McGowan, Geo. W. Cook, Howard Davis, H. B. Sheldon, Theo. Ward, James C. Beach, A. G. Darwin, John Sherman, John G. Keyler, William Colfax, James T. Daves, Henry P. Dodd, Walter Freeman, E. W. Sutton, Fred. H. Pich, Thomas Oakes, T. E. Hayes, J. Edward Stubbart and W. W. Schouler.

A perusal of the above names is sufficient to show that the Bloomfield Republican Club is composed of representative men of the town; men who are well known in business, professional and social circles; men with whom the best interests of the township is always a chief consideration. There is no reason to doubt but what the ticket emanating from this organization, bearing the names of candidates for the various county and township offices to be chosen next Tuesday will be one in which the people can place implicit trust.

The Town Election.

The last few years there has been a multiplicity of tickets in the field at the Spring election. There is promise of the usual crop this year. What is the duty of the Republican voter? It is plainly to vote the straight Republican ticket.

Our Democratic advisers say there should be no National or State politics mixed up in town affairs. They never give such advice in Democratic Townships, be it observed. It is a fairly good rule to find out what the enemy wishes done and then do anything but that. Therefore no citizen's ticket for Bloomfield Republicans this year. It would be well to bear in mind that many voters care comparatively little for State and National tickets but have a very lively interest in town elections. If we say to these, a Democrat is as fit for a town office as a Republican, why should they not apply the same reasoning to State and National offices. If the party organization is abandoned in town elections it will be hard to pull it together for future campaigns.

Two members of the present legislature, James Peck of East Orange, and Thomas McGowan of Bloomfield, are candidates for reelection to the Board of Freeholders, next Tuesday. It is rumored that a special effort will be made to defeat them, not by the people of their own Townships, but by the liquor men of Newark; not on the ground of incapacity, but because they voted for the High License Bill. The Newark rummies evidently place no very high estimate on the moral character of the "countrymen" in the Township. The Republican party has been falsely accused of catering to the rummies. By its action at Trenton it has shown its utter contempt and disregard of them. A rousing vote for Messrs. Peck and McGowan will convince the rummies that they can expect little encouragement from the Townships, where law and order is desired above everything else.

In the Legislature.

Mr. McGowan made a neat speech last week in advocacy of his Bill, No. 231, which is designed to prohibit any person from practicing veterinary surgery without being a graduate of a regular veterinary college. He said the bill had been amended by the Committee on Agriculture that he could scarcely recognize it. However, while it was not all that it should be, he thought it better than nothing, and therefore asked for its passage. The friends of the bill are the Veterinary Association who expected more from this

Legislature. After giving a humorous illustration of the doings of quack doctors, which evoked much laughter, he warned the House never to employ any such, even for a dumb beast. The bill was passed.

The Morris Canal Bill.

To The Bloomfield Citizen:

The bill now before the Legislature by which it is asked to sanction the abandonment of the Morris Canal as a water highway, is a measure that should be carefully looked into. It has already created much apprehension in Bloomfield, where there are two leading industries that would be seriously damaged if not ruined through loss of the water power. Besides these—the Rubber Works and the Paper Mill—there are our Coal Yards all of which, save one, are located on the canal, from which the supply is obtained. It is asserted that if the bill passes and the water is drawn off, the only railroad that will ever be built over the route will be so much only as will enable the Lehigh Valley R. R. Company to get into Jersey City by that line from the meadows and thus utilize the river front. The water drawn off and this long-coveted railway tide water outlet established, the company, it is thought, will make other and more profitable use of the canal bed than changing it to a railroad and operating it for the convenience of the people. If the bill is to become a law, it should distinctly provide that the entire route be converted into a railroad for the accommodation of public travel and traffic, and that the canal be kept in operation until the railroad is built in its place. There are hundreds of people whose business, if not their property, would be ruined by even the temporary suspension of the canal traffic.

S. M. HULIN.

Will Boring Kill the Trees?

To The Bloomfield Citizen:

In reference to the treatment of the Elms of Bloomfield by the sulphur method, I would like to call attention to the fact that this method was recommended by a correspondent of the New York Tribune some two years ago in the columns of that journal.

Several months later it was related by another individual that seeing the sulphur treatment recommended, he had tried it thoroughly with no other effect than the killing of his trees, which he rather considered due to the boring process than to the sulphur used in filling the holes. As the gentlemen recommending the sulphur treatment states that his experience with it on Elm trees consisted of only one tree, is that sufficient evidence to warrant the risking of the life of a large number of Elms—the property of the public—upon our park?

Is there not reason to suppose that, from the sudden disappearance of the pest last Autumn, we are likely to be free from its ravages the coming season? I for one will spare my Elms from the ruthless woodman's ax.

W. H. WHITE.

—Since the organization of the Bloomfield Cyclers our embryo city has been frequently noticed in several of the more important Wheel papers. The cycling affairs about town are even looked up by a paid New Jersey correspondent of the Bicycling World, published in Boston. This is one of the oldest Wheel journals in the country, it having been founded in 1878. And more than one press item has shown a very flattering appreciation of their earnest ways. The club even embraces members from other towns, there being at present two from East Orange and three from Montclair. One member from each of these towns, is moreover, on the Executive Committee. Although this committee consists of only five members in all, it is aimed to have as many of the different districts as possible represented on it. The club has already begun to receive Spring recruits and has laid several plans which can hardly fail to make the season lively and enjoyable.

The lecture "Social Life in India" by the Burmese Sau-Ah-Brah, announced for Tuesday evening, March 13th, will be given a week later, March 20th, in Westminster Church, as owing to a trifling delay in completing the final arrangements for his appearance here, his services were secured elsewhere. If the half that has been affirmed in favor of this lecture is true, an exceedingly agreeable and entertaining evening is promised to any one who will purchase a ticket and be present in the Church during the time it is occupied by Sau-Ah-Brah, his numerous costumes and abundant paraphernalia. A person who comes so well endorsed by W. T. Vincent, W. F. Sherwin, De Witt Talmage, Dr. John Hall, and others cannot fail to give satisfaction here.

—Thomas Hale, the veteran editor of Franklin Hill, is supplying the *Bloomfield* (T.) *Free Press* with historical reminiscences, rich in valuable data, fact and humor. Mr. Hale has the sympathy of the community in his falling sight, but his worthy business career of fifty years will now enable him to enjoy the pleasures of memory.

—The energy and determination displayed by Mr. F. S. Benson and his friends in securing the indictment of the M. & G. L. R. R. on account of its bridges, is already bearing fruit. It is rumored that the company is going to build a new and substantial structure over its track on Ridgewood avenue.

The Indian Atrocities at Glen Ridge.

Editor Bloomfield Citizen.

You are misinformed in the Citizen who wrote you last week concerning certain alleged Indian outrages at Glen Ridge. Nothing of the sort has occurred on that frontier. There has been no scalping, burning at the stake, tying to the stake, kicking and abusing of prisoners, or fainting of victims. There has been nothing at all beyond the permissible play of boys with red blood in their veins. The preposterous stories which found their way through a Newark evening newspaper into the New York press are simply the work of an imagination with its war paint on. The ordinary course of civilization at Glen Ridge has not been disturbed by Atapahoes, but by Americans.

—ANOTHER CITIZEN.

Prohibition in Rhode Island.

MORE SALOONS THAN UNDER THE LICENSE LAW.

From statistics obtained from authentic sources, there are to-day about 125 more places in Providence where beer and liquor can be obtained than there were under the license system, this increase coming from the so-called "kitchen bar rooms," located in tenement houses, for the most part, in the Second, Fourth, and Sixth Police Districts. The following table, carefully prepared, will show the number of places where liquor was sold in the city of Providence up to January 1, 1888, and from later investigation there appears to have been no decrease:

POLICE DISTRICT	Public	Private	Hotels	Restaurants	Total
1	24	35	2	4	115
2	1	43	15	8	140
3	17	13	8	13	37
4	27	13	1	1	130
5	37	8	1	1	155
6	10	18	4	4	114
Totals	119	270	91	302	591

Of this number, as will be seen, 293 are tenement houses and "grocery" stores, the Second and Sixth Police Districts taking the lead, and, according to information from the police, these styles of bar rooms are on the increase. When the prohibitory law first went into effect it was almost impossible even for men who were known to be opposed to prohibition to obtain a glass of liquor, but this state of things was of very brief duration. Before the month of October almost every bar room in the centre of the city was in full blast, the only objection that patrons found being that they had to carry a pocketful of assorted pass keys. This lasted for a few months, until about May last, when all pretence was abandoned and the doors of the several saloons were boldly thrown open, and every visitor was at once served with what he called for, without the slightest attention being paid to him or his possible official employment. A marked change in the working hours of retail liquor sellers has been observed for the past six months. Under the license law almost every saloon in town was closed at midnight, and on Sunday were kept closed, there being only a few places where liquor could be procured on the Sabbath. Now, on the contrary, 90 per cent of the saloons are open twenty-four hours a day for seven days in the week, and one prominent retail dealer informed a reporter that his Sunday sales were far in excess of his week day sales. While the foregoing table of statistics shows a material increase in the number of places where liquor is sold over the license period, there has been no material increase during the past year in the number of places opened, and also very few new signs advertising the traffic have been exposed, but most of the old signs have remained in position.

It has been noted that every time a raid has been made, either in or out of town, for a few weeks the doors of the bar rooms were kept locked and keys were once more in requisition, but rarely were the doors kept closed for more than two weeks, and again the business was carried on openly and with even greater defiance of the law. According to the statements of Chief of Police Child, the business of liquor selling has been conducted quietly during the past twelve months, and there has been very little complaint from persons living adjacent to places where liquor is sold, the proprietors appearing to realize that even if they did openly defy the law, some respect was due to public sentiment. —*Providence Journal*, January 26.

With the facts given by the "Providence Journal" above quoted, would it not be better for the temperance cause, if the "Political Prohibitionists" and the good women of the W. C. T. U. who abet them, should devote their energies to promoting the work of Temperance Reform by moral suasion, until the majority of the citizens, at least, would take enough interest in a prohibitory law to see it enforced? Under our Republican form of Government it requires that public sentiment should sustain the laws, otherwise, disregard and public violation of law will follow—a thing for every reason to be avoided, for the sake of good morals and social order. It is said that in Bloomfield there are 8 or 10 unlicensed bar rooms—groceries where liquor is sold. Will not our Prohibition friends try to suppress these, which are absolutely under their control, if they see fit to do it?

—A bill introduced into the Assembly by Mr. McGowan, provides that townships having a population of 1,000 to the square mile shall have power through their Township Committee to construct a system of sewers and drains.

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT

Life Insurance Company.

NEWARK, N. J.

AMZI DODD, President.

Assets (Market Value) Jan. 1, 1888. \$12,111,233.33
LIABILITIES 4 per cent. Reserve 39,283,484.33
SURPLUS 2,827,749.00
SURRENDER BY FORMER NEW YORK STANDARD (discontinued this year). 5,623,769.75

Policies Absolutely Non-Forfeitable After Second Year.

IN CASE OF LATESE THE POLICY IS CONTINUED IN FORCE as long as the value will pay for; or, if preferred, a Paid up Policy for its full value is issued in return.

After the second year Policies are IRREVOCABLE, except against intentional fraud; and all reductions as to residence, travel or occupation are reversed.

CASH LOANS are made to the extent of 50 per cent of the reserve value where valid a guarantee of the Policies can be made as collateral security.

LOSSES paid immediately upon completion and approval of proofs.

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Burglar Alarms, Annunciators,

HOUSE, OFFICE, FACTORY BELLS AND SPEAKING PIPE PUT IN.

ELECTRIC GAS-LIGHTING,

Sole Agent for the

EUREKA BELL,

The only Bell giving the same result as the Electric without the use of a battery. Can be applied to any front door pull. ESTIMATES GIVEN.

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Office Hours: 8 to 9 A.M., 1 to 2, after 7 P.M.

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DENTIST,

NEWARK, 15 CEDAR ST.

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Physician and Surgeon,

Office, Broad street, opposite Post Office.

Office Hours: 9 to 10 A.M., 1 to 2 P.M., 6 to 8 P.M.

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Bloomfield Office at the end of the Turnpike route. Hours from 10 to 12 P.M. Residence and Office Fullerton Avenue, Montclair. Messages transmitted by Telephone at any hour, day or night, from Scherff's Drug Store.

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HALESEY M. BARRETT,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Office, 750 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

Residence, Elm St., Bloomfield.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS, ETC., TAKEN.

WHITEHEAD, GALLAGHER & RICHARDS,

Law Offices,

745 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

JOHN WHITEHEAD, JOR. D. GALLAGHER,

HARRY E. RICHARDS.

Residence of J. D. Gallagher Ridgewood Ave., Glen Ridge.

J. A. BEECHER,

ATTORNEY, COUNSELOR AT LAW,

MASTER IN CHANCERY.

800 BROAD STREET, NEWARK.

(London and Liverpool and Globe Ins. building.

Elevators, or, Mechanic St.

An Ordinance

RELATING TO STREETS AND HIGHWAYS.

BE IT ORDAINED by the Township Committee of the Township of Bloomfield as follows: Sec. 1. The owner, occupant or other person having the charge of each and every dwelling house, store or other building or lot or lots of ground, shall, within 15 hours after every fall or snow, or after the formation of any ice, upon the sidewalks in front thereof, cause the said snow or ice (unless said ice has been perfectly covered with sand or ashes) to be entirely removed from off the flagging or planks in front thereof, under the penalty of three dollars for every such neglect, to be forfeited and paid by the said owner, occupant or person having charge thereof, severally and respectively; provided that this section shall not apply to any sidewalk which is all or a part thereof, with flagging, cement, concrete plank or boards.

EDWARD F. FARRAND,

Township Clerk.

Bloomfield, N. J., Feb. 15, 1888.

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SILVER WATCHES.

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GOLD AND SILVER HEADED WALKING STICKS.

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COLE W. M. MINER, Resident Manager.

MATINEE SATURDAY AT 2.

Week Commencing Mar. 5.

Hoyt's "A TIN SOLDIER."

MARCH 12th.

"Hagbor Lights."

Evening, 7:30, 8:15, 9:00, 9:30. Matinee, 2:30, 3:15, 4:00, 4:30.

H. C. MINER, Proprietor and Manager.

LYCEUM THEATRE,

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DANIEL FROMAN, MANAGER.

BEHNS 515. SATURDAY MATINEE 2.

The Regular Dramatic Season.

The Wife,

A New Play by D. J. DILLON and H. C. T. MOORE.

Georgia Cavanaugh, HERBERT KELLEY,

GRACE HENDERSON, HENRY MILLER,

BETTY DILLON, NELSON WHITACRE,

W. J. LE MOYNE, W. J. LE MOYNE,

MISS WHITFIELD, CHAS. WALTON,

MISS CROFT, CHAS. WALTON,

MISS CROFT, W. FAYNARD.

PRICES—All Seats, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50.

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This Week.

We shall sell a large lot

at a reduction of 50% from

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Velvet Beaver and Striped

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At \$5.00.

New Spring Shawls.

Lord & Taylor

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We will sell you a Carriage made of White Reed, Seat and Back upholstered with Tapestry, Silk Parapet, Plate Springs and Axles, a good substantial article, usually sold at \$5.00. We offer it at \$1.98.

Can You Equal This For \$6.48?

We will sell you a Carriage made of White Reed, upholstered all around with Fine Ramie, Shilsha Parapet, well made Body and Gearing, Plate Springs and Axles, usually sold at \$20.00. We offer it at \$6.48.

Can You Equal This For \$7.69?